

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier **Phos Copper Tin Alloys** 

Other means of identification

SDS number 110 C51000 **Product code** Recommended use Manufacturing

Use in accordance with supplier's recommendations. Recommended restrictions

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information

Company name Advance Bronze, Inc.

139 Ohio St. - PO Box 280, Lodi, OH 44254 **Address** 

**Telephone** 330-948-1231 **Contact person** John Wenneman

E-mail johnw@advancebronze.com

**Emergency phone number** 1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec (24-hrs)

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

**Health hazards** Reproductive toxicity

OSHA hazard(s) Not classified.

Label elements

**Hazard symbol** 



Signal word Danger

May damage fertility or the unborn child. **Hazard statement** 

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

Category 1A

and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Not classified.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, **Environmental hazards** 

long-term hazard

Category 2

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Copper		7440-50-8	87-95
Tin		7440-31-5	1.5-11
Zinc		7440-66-6	0-4.5
Lead		7439-92-1	0-4
Nickel		7440-02-0	0-0.2

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**Composition comments** 

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. The alloy contains additional alloying elements at concentrations below disclosure requirements. At temperatures above the melting point the alloys may liberate fumes containing oxides of alloying elements.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

In case of exposure to fumes or particulates: Move to fresh air. Get medical attention if discomfort

persists.

Skin contact

Contact with dust: Wash skin with soap and water. In case of contact with hot or molten product, cool rapidly with water and seek immediate medical attention. Do not attempt to remove molten product from skin because skin will tear easily. Cuts or abrasions should be treated promptly with thorough cleansing of the affected area.

Eye contact

Do not rub eyes. Remove any contact lenses. Flush eyes thoroughly with water, taking care to rinse under eyelids. If irritation persists, continue flushing for 15 minutes, rinsing from time to time

under eyelids. If discomfort continues, consult a physician.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly if dust is ingested. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical

personnel. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause irritation to mucous membranes. May cause skin and eye irritation. Cough. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. The principal symptoms of lead poisoning are gastro-intestinal or central nervous system disturbances and anemia.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Get medical attention if any discomfort develops. Seek medical attention for all burns, regardless how minor they may seem. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

Special powder against metal fires. Dry sand.

media

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media. Do not use water on molten metal: Explosion hazard could result.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Specific methods

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Allow spilled material to solidify and scrape up with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal. If not possible, gently moisten dust before it is collected with shovel, broom or the like. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. The vacuum cleaner should be explosion-proofed. Avoid dust formation. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Do not contaminate water.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Follow special national provisions related to work with lead and its compounds. Pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of lead exposure. Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate fumes and dusts of metal oxides. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with sharp edges and hot surfaces. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generation and spreading of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with hot or molten material. Dust clouds may be explosive under certain conditions. Take precautionary measures against static discharges when there is a risk of dust explosion. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment if airborne dust levels are high. To prevent and minimize fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not use water on molten metal. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Keep the workplace clean. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep dry. Store away from incompatible materials.

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components		Туре		Value		
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limi		TWA for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)		0.05 mg/m3		
Components		Туре		Value	Form	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)		PEL		1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.	
N: 1 .1 (0 A O 7 A 4 O 0 O 0)		DEI		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)		PEL PEL		1 mg/m3		
US. ACGIH Threshold Lir		PEL		2 mg/m3		
Components		Туре		Value	Form	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)		TWA		1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.	
Load (CAS 7420 02 4)		TWA		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.	
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		TWA		0.05 mg/m3 1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)		TWA		2 mg/m3	ililialable liaction.	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide				2 mg/m3		
					Form	
Components		Type		Value		
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)		REL REL		1 mg/m3 0.05 mg/m3	Dust and mist.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		REL		0.03 mg/m3		
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)		REL		2 mg/m3		
ological limit values		TALL.		2 mg/mo		
US. ACGIH. BEIs. Biologi	ical Exposure Indi	ces				
Components	Value	Determinant	Sampling T	ime		
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	300 μg/l	Lead	*			
* - For sampling details, plo	ease see the source	document.				
posure guidelines	Follow standar	Follow standard monitoring procedures.				
propriate engineering ntrols	inhalation of d equipment if a divided metalli	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Ventilate as needed to control airborne dust. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment if airborne dust levels are high. Special ventilation should be used to convey finely divided metallic dust generated by grinding, sawing etc., in order to eliminate explosion hazards. Follow the schedule for work place measurements when working with lead and its compounds.				
ividual protection measur	es, such as persor	nal protective equip	ment			
Eye/face protection	Wear dust-resistant safety goggles where there is danger of eye contact. In addition to safety glasses or goggles, a welding helmet with appropriate shaded shield is required during welding, burning, or brazing. A face shield is recommended, in addition to safety glasses or goggles, during sawing, grinding, or machining.					
Skin protection						
Hand protection					material is heated, wear mmended by the glove	
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing.					
Respiratory protection	exposure limit, meets OSHA's place condition	When engineering controls are not sufficient to lower exposure levels below the applicable exposure limit, use a NIOSH approved respirator for dusts. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever wor place conditions warrant a respirator's use. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter. Seek advice from local supervisor.				
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.					
neral hygiene nsiderations						

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# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Solids, Shapes, Tubes, Turnings & Bushings.

Physical state Solid.

**Form** Solids, Shapes, Tubes, Turnings & Bushings.

Color Yellow to red.

Odor None.

Odor threshold Not available. Not available. Not available. Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Not available. Flash point Not available **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available. Not available. Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available. Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity Not available.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Stable at normal conditions.

**Chemical stability** Massive metal is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Contact with acids will release flammable hydrogen gas. Hot molten material will react violently with water resulting in spattering and fuming.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Contact with acids will release flammable hydrogen gas.

Avoid dust formation. Dust clouds may be explosive under certain conditions.

Incompatible materials Acids. Ammonium nitrate. Fluoride. Halogens. Nitrates. Phosphorus. Strong oxidizing agents.

Sulfur.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate dusts and

fumes of metal oxides. Lead oxide fumes may be formed at elevated temperatures.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Not relevant, due to the form of the product. However, ingestion of dusts generated during

working operations may cause nausea and vomiting.

May cause respiratory tract irritation. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust Inhalation

and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Skin contact May cause skin irritation. Hot or molten material may produce thermal burns.

Eye contact May cause eye irritation. Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause irritation to mucous membranes. May cause skin and eye irritation. Coughing. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. The principal symptoms of lead poisoning are gastro-intestinal or central nervous system disturbances and anemia.

Information on toxicological effects

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May cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin **Acute toxicity** 

and eyes. High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce

symptoms of metal fume fever.

Skin corrosion/irritation Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Hot or molten material may produce thermal

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Dust from machining operation in the eyes may cause irritation.

Respiratory sensitization

No data available.

Skin sensitization The product contains a small amount of sensitizing substance which may provoke an allergic

reaction among sensitive individuals in contact with skin.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

No data available.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child. Contains a substance/a group of substances which may

cause harm to the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** Not applicable.

Chronic effects Danger of cumulative effects. Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead

to benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis). Chronic inhalation of metallic oxide dust/fume may cause metal fume fever. Lead may produce maternal toxicity, toxicity to the fetus, and adverse effects to blood, bone marrow, central/peripheral nervous systems, kidney, liver, and reproductive system.

**Further information** Lead is accumulated in the body and may cause damage to the brain and nervous system after

prolonged exposure. Welding or plasma arc cutting of metal and alloys can generate ozone, nitric oxides and ultraviolet radiation. Ozone overexposure may result in mucous membrane irritation or

pulmonary discomfort. UV radiation can cause skin erythema and welders flash.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test Results** 

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)

LC50 1.17 mg/l, 96 Hours Rainbow trout, donaldson trout

(Oncorhynhus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability The product is not biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential** The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances. Mobility in soil Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

Mobility in general Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

Other adverse effects An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance

with all applicable regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code Z110: Inorganic compounds n.o.s.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Recover and recycle, if practical. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.

Contaminated packaging Not applicable.

14. Transport information

DOT

**UN number** UN3077

**UN proper shipping name** Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. (Lead RQ = 393 LBS)

Transport hazard class(es)

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Subsidiary class(es) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Not available.

9 Labels required

8, 146, 335, A112, B54, IB8, IP3, N20, T1, TP33 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 155 Packaging non bulk 213 240 Packaging bulk

**IATA** 

**UN number** UN3077

**UN** proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Lead)

Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary class(es) Ш Packaging group 9 Labels required **ERG Code** 9L

Special precautions for user Not available.

**IMDG** 

UN3077 **UN number** 

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Lead), MARINE **UN proper shipping name** 

**POLLUTANT** 

Transport hazard class(es) 9 Subsidiary class(es) Ш **Packaging group** 9 Labels required F-A, S-F **EmS** Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not applicable.

### 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) 29 CFR 1910.1025

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) LISTED Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) LISTED Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) LISTED Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

**SARA 302 Extremely** No

hazardous substance

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

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# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Not listed.

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Not regulated.

#### **DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

Not regulated.

Food and Drug Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer

and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

 Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
 500 LBS

 Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)
 500 LBS

 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
 500 LBS

 Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)
 500 LBS

#### US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

#### US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region

	Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)		
	Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes		
	Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes		
	Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No		
	China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes		
	Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes		
	Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No		
	Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No		
	Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes		
	New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes		
	Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes		
	United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes		
*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)					

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last version

Inventory name

**Issue date** June 01, 2015

Version #

1.0

Further information Not available.

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On inventory (vec/ne)\*

#### References

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

#### **Disclaimer**

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